### Suffolk County Community College Michael J. Grant Campus

# Department of Mathematics

Spring 2017

# MAT 103 Statistics I

#### Final Exam

#### **Instructor:**

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	Please print the requested information in the spaces provided:
Student:	
Name:	
Student Id:	
Email:	include to receive the final grade via email ONLY if you are not getting email updates

- Notes and books are permitted on this exam.
- Graphing calculators, smartwatches, computers, cell phones and any other communication-capable devices are prohibited. Their mere presence in the open (even without use) is a sufficient reason for an immediate dismissal from this exam with a failing grade.
- You will not receive full credit if there is no work shown, even if you have the right answer. Please don't attach additional pieces of paper: if you run out of space, please ask for another blank final.

**Problem 1.** According to the Himalayan Database <sup>1</sup> which contains 1921–2023 data on Mount Everest expeditions <sup>2</sup> two routes are most popular among those who want to reach the summit. Namely, among 2,306 such expeditions recorded in the database, 1,276 used the Southeast Ridge/South Corridor from Nepal, and 780 followed the Northeast Ridge/North Corridor from China (with the next most popular route, the South Pillar/South East Ridge, having been used by only 13 expeditions) <sup>3</sup>.

(1). Assuming that the popularity of routes does not change each season, where would you look for a friend who is trying to reach the summit of Mount Everest, if you know nothing else about their location? What are the chances you would be looking for them in the right place? Round the answer to the nearest whole percent.

Space for your solution:	

(2). Would the answer change if you happen to know that your friend uses the Southeast Ridge/South Corridor or the Northeast Ridge/North Corridor?

Space for your solution:	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>http://www.himalayandatabase.com/downloads.html accessed May 20, 2024

 $<sup>^2</sup>$ and covers all known attempts on 406 Himalayan peaks — including Mount Everest — from 1905 to 2023

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Consider these counts — as well as all other numbers appearing in this problem — to be (very close) approximations rather than the exact representation of reality, since we are routinely ignoring some border cases, like the fact that some — very few – expeditions used different routes on ascend and descent.

east Ridge/North Corridor, the numbers were 3,505 for successes and 3,652 for the failed attempts. Find the probabilities of success for an individual climber taking each of these routes.
Space for your solution:
(4). During year 2000 season, 55 climbers attempted to reach the summit of Mount Everest
via the Northeast Ridge/North Corridor. If their success rate was independent from each
other and constant year-to-year, how many of them do you expect to reach the summit?
Space for your solution:
(5). In the same situation as before, find the $95\%$ confidence interval for the number of successful climbs.
Space for your solution:

(3). Among the individual climbers who used the Southeast Ridge/South Corridor, 8,096 succeeded and 6,323 failed to reach the summit. Among those who followed the North-

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Two teams attempt to climb Mount Everest: one using the South, and another —

the North root. Assuming that success of the team is as likely as that of an individual, and

**Problem 2.** This problem will introduce you to the Simpson's Paradox.

1314 women took part in a study  $^4$  of thyroid disease that was conducted in 1972-1974 in Newcastle, United Kingdom. A follow-up study of the same subjects  $^5$  took place nearly thirty years later.

(1). The subjects of the study were classified according to their smoking habits (current smokers at the time of the original 1970's study or those who never smoked) and according to their survival status 20 years after the original study. The outcomes are summarized in the following table:

	Smoker	Non-smoker
Dead	139	230
Alive	443	502

Based on this table, determine if smoking has positive or negative effect on survival. Hint: compute and compare the conditional probabilities:

P(Alive|Smoker)

P(Alive|Non-smoker)

Space for your solution:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>W. M. G. Tunbridge, D. C. Evered, D. Appleton, M. Brewis, F. Clark

<sup>&</sup>quot;The Spectrum of Thyroid Disease in a Community: The Whickham Survey",

Clinical Endocrinology, Volume 7, Issue 6, December 1977, Pages 481-493

http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/j.1365-2265.1977.tb01340.x/abstract

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>David R. Appleton, Joyce M. French and Mark P. J. Vanderpump

<sup>&</sup>quot;Ignoring a Covariate: An Example of Simpson's Paradox",

The American Statistician, Volume 50, Number 4, November 1996, Pages 340-341

http://www.jstor.org/stable/2684931?seq=1#page\_scan\_tab\_contents

(2). The subjects were further classified according to their age at the time of the original study. The outcomes for women aged 18 to 64 are summarized in this table:

Age 18 to 64	Smoker	Non-smoker
Dead	97	65
Alive	436	474

Determine if smoking has positive effect on survival of women in this age group.

Space for your solution:		

(3). The outcomes for women aged 65 and above are summarized in this table:

Age 65 and above	Smoker	Non-smoker
Dead	42	165
Alive	7	28

Determine if smoking has positive effect on survival of women in this age group.

Space for your	solution:			

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(4). What conclusion can you draw from this consideration: does smoking improve or harm survival chances? If smoking is beneficial, why it is not shown by the analysis of age groups?

**Problem 3.** The FAA Aircraft Weight and Balance Handbook <sup>6</sup> includes different weight and balance computation procedures for different types of aircraft. Generally speaking, the small aircraft procedures require the pilot(s) and passengers to be weighted, while the large aircraft computation is permitted to use the "standard average weight" figure instead.

(1).	What ca	n be	the	basis	for	this	disparity	in	weight	and	balance	procedures	used	for
differe	nt aircraf	ft size	28?											

Space for your solution:	

(2). The "Standard Average Weight" procedure is permitted for use in weight and balance calculation for "large cabin aircraft", namely the aircraft with 71 or more passenger seats. From 1938, the FAA uses 170 pounds as the standard average weight for passengers. <sup>7</sup> Assume that 170 pounds is the actual average weight of the population, the standard deviation of the weight is 27 pounds, and the weight is normally distributed. Determine the standard error of the mean  $\sigma_{\bar{x}}$  in passenger weight when 9 passengers load a small plane.

Space for your solution:		

(3). With the assumptions of previous sub-problems in effect, determine the standard error of the mean  $\sigma_{\bar{x}}$  in passenger weight when 81 passengers load a large cabin aircraft.

Space for your solution:		

 $<sup>^6 \</sup>rm https://www.faa.gov/sites/faa.gov/files/2023-09/Weight_Balance_Handbook.pdf accessed August 25, 2024$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>However, the 05/05/2019 FAA Advisory Cricular AC 120-27F https://www.faa.gov/documentLibrary/media/Advisory\_Circular/AC\_120-27F.pdf accessed August 25, 2024 charges the airlines to undertake surveys in order to update the standard average passenger weights.

standard average weight needs be increased. State the null and alternative hypothesis for this test.
Space for your solution:
(5). The airline measured the actual weight of randomly selected 100 passengers. In this particular sample, the average weight was 180 pounds and the sample standard deviation $\bar{\sigma}$ was 40 pounds. Calculate the test statistic for the right-tailed $t$ -test.
Space for your solution:
(6). Find the p-value, i.e. the attained level of significance, for this test.  Space for your solution:
(7). What conclusion should the airline draw from this experiment?
Space for your solution:

(4). Suppose an airline wants to conduct a survey of passenger weight to determine if the